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**Directorate-General for the
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ASSESSMENT REPORT OF THE DUTCH COMPETENT AUTHORITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIVE 2001/18/EC

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RENEWAL OF NOTIFICATION C/NL/13/02

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1. THE NOTIFICATION

The notification, submitted by Suntory Holdings Limited, Tokyo, Japan, concerns the renewal of placing on the market of imported cut flowers derived from genetically modified carnation (*Dianthus caryophyllus*) line FLO-40685-1 in accordance with Directive 2001/18/EC. The flowers of the carnation line have been modified with the *df* gene from petunia (*Petunia x hybrida*) and the *f3'5'h* gene from *Viola* sp., resulting in a modified flower colour (dark purple). Line FLO-40685-1 also contains a herbicide tolerance gene (*suRB*) from *Nicotiana tabacum*, used to facilitate selection *in vitro*. The commercial name of the product is Florigene@Moonvista™.

Our ref.
C/NL/13/02/001.ar.1

Your ref.

Cc

Encl.

2. SCOPE OF THE NOTIFICATION

This notification for renewal concerns import, distribution and retailing of line FLO-40685-1 in the cut flower market in the same way as any other carnation. This notification does not include cultivation, the use as feed or as food of line FLO-40685-1.

3. PROCEDURE

The original decision of the Netherlands competent authority to Suntory Holdings Limited for import of line FLO-40685-1, under dossier number C/NL/13/02, was issued on September 5, 2019. According to article 17 of Directive 2001/18/EC the notifier shall submit a notification to the competent authority which received the original notification at the latest nine months before the expiry of the consent.

The dossier for the renewal was received by the Netherlands competent authority on February 22, 2026. This dossier, under number C/NL/13/02_001, has been assessed with reference to Article 17 (2) of Directive 2001/18.

Scientific advice

Based on the dossier for renewal of February 22, 2026, the Dutch scientific advisory committee (COGEM) gave its advice on April 2, 2026 (CGM/260402-01) and concluded that the risks for human health and the European environment associated with import, distribution and retail of cut flowers of line FLO-40685-1 are negligible.

Confidentiality

The notification does not contain any information which the applicant regards as Confidential Business Information.

4. LIST OF DOCUMENTS

Based on article 17 (2) of Directive 2001/18/EC the following information is required for a renewal of an existing market approval:

- a) A copy of the consent to the placing on the market of the GMO;
- b) A report of the results from monitoring;
- c) Any new information which has become available with regards to the risks of the product to human health and/or the environment;
- d) As appropriate, a proposal for amending or complementing the conditions of the original consent, inter alia the conditions concerning future monitoring.

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(a). A copy of the consent to the placing on the market of the GMO

A copy of the consent, issued by the Netherlands on September 5, 2019 is provided in this renewal application.

(b). A report of the results from monitoring

Reports of monitoring during 6 years (2019- 2025) are supplied. The six reports have been consolidated into a single document, bookmarked for navigation between years (Monitoring reports CNL1302.pdf). Outcomes from the monitoring reports are provided in the document "Report on the results of the monitoring CNL1302". A summary of the information is given below.

✓ Annual or bi-annual questionnaires for feedback from the importer

These questionnaires have been provided by the importer each year. The importer has reported every year that he was not aware of any illegal growing and that neither the staff nor consumers have reported any adverse effects of handling the flowers. In 2019, the applicant became aware of an Italian company advertising seed of purple carnation using images of FLO-40685-2. These products were found to be non-transgenic.

✓ Expert monitoring group

Since 2019 members of an expert group of breeders and researchers have been asked, on a yearly basis, to report on whether they have become aware of any illegal propagation of transgenic carnation in Europe or the incidence of any wild carnation populations. Further details on locations are provided in the annual monitoring reports in the document "Monitoring reports CNL1302.pdf". There were no reports on the establishment of transgenic carnation in the wild or introgression to wild *Dianthus* species in any survey, in any year. No reports on illegal propagation were made.

✓ Mail out

Herbaria, European botanical and plant conservation groups, national plant protection authorities, national botanic survey networks, plant protection services, botanical gardens and individual scientists have been contacted by postal mail and email to request information on any reports of the identification of wild populations of carnation, *Dianthus caryophyllus* or related *Dianthus* species. Some responses provided information on observations of *D. caryophyllus*. In all cases, samples were of the wild type unimproved plants and not carnation.

Since FLO-40685-2 was placed on the market, the monitoring plan has been adapted once in November 2021. The amendment made was the discontinuation of the mail out component of the monitoring plan. This amendment was implemented in the 2023 monitoring report. Results of a final mail out in 2022 and to 40 herbaria in 2023 are summarized in the monitoring reports of the years 2022

and 2023. Supporting documents relating to the amendment of the monitoring plan are provided within this renewal application.

✓ Literature review

From 2019 a literature search was undertaken on an annual basis to identify any new, or previously unidentified, scientific reports on any aspects of *Dianthus* biology or distribution in Europe. None of these reports identified carnation in the environment or suggested introgression between carnation and wild *Dianthus* species.

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✓ Database review

From 2019, an annual database and website review was added to the general monitoring process. The document "Monitoring reports CNL1302.pdf" provides details of the websites viewed and information gathered, including screenshots of some observations. Wild type *Dianthus caryophyllus*, whilst scarce compared to other *Dianthus* species, does occur in the natural environment in Europe and particularly in southern France and Italy.

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✓ Website

The Florigene/Suntory website has been in place continuously since 2019. No information on possible wild populations of Florigene®Moonvista™ (FLO-40685-2) carnation has been conveyed through the website by the public, distributors or retailers.

The results from monitoring do not indicate any risk for human health and the environment of the import of cut flowers of line FLO-40685-2.

(c) Any new information which has become available with regards to the risks of the product to human health and/or the environment

A summary of all new information that was generated or found since the consent was issued in 2019, is described below.

Scientific literature adding to baseline knowledge

The Norwegian Environment Agency published a summary of their evaluation of the safety of FLO-40685-2 (VKM report 2016:35).

The outcome of the literature review carried out since FLO-40685-2 was imported into the EU has provided new evidence to substantiate the assertion that release of transgenic carnation modified for expression of delphinidin-related anthocyanins in flowers does not pose a risk to human health or the environment.

Information on the phenotypic stability of event FLO-40685-2

To assess the stability of the phenotype of FLO-40685-2, the characteristics petal number, intact anther number, style number and style length were measured on an annual to biannual basis since FLO-40685-2 flowers were imported into the EU. Furthermore, flower morphology of FLO-40685-2 grown in Colombia was also assessed July 2025 (Flower morphology report FLN CNL1302.pdf). Though there is variation between sample dates no significant differences were found in the chosen characteristics for measuring morphological stability of the flowers of FLO-40685-2. In addition, the stability of the modified flower colour phenotype has been measured. The incidence of flower colour "off -type" was collected on a weekly basis by the post-harvest facility in Colombia and Ecuador. On an annual basis, rejection rate because of this ranged from 0.70% in 2025 to 1.81% in 2023. These off-types are not exported to the EU. The stability of the modified flower colour suggests no change in the stability of expression of the introduced genes.

Information on flanking sequences of FLO-40685-2

Southern and sequencing analysis of analysis of transgenic carnation event FLO-40685-2 shows that the T-DNA is inserted at four loci (EFSA *et al.*, 2018; Nakamura *et al.*, 2020). Longer flanking genomic DNA sequence of FLO-40685-2 has been obtained since the consent to marketing was provided for FLO-40685-2 (CNL1302 40685 flanking sequences.docx). Each of the nine genomic DNA (gDNA) sequences flanking the T-DNA integrations in FLO-40685-2 were subjected to Blastn and (t)Blastx. Details of the analysis undertaken is provided in the file "Bioinformatic analysis of flanking sequences CNL1302.pdf".

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✓ Disruption of endogenous genes

Analysis of the 5' and 3' flanking regions did not reveal disruption of known endogenous genes (EFSA, 2016). Blastn and (t)blastx analysis of the two carnation genome databases indicates that the insertion sites of the four loci in event FLO-40685-2 are within non-coding regions of scaffold sequences of the carnation genome. The Blast searches with longer flanking sequences confirmed the identity of the scaffold sequences the loci are inserted in. For two loci, the Blast analysis was able to locate the insertion sites to specific linkage groups, showing that the four loci are not inserted on the same chromosome and are on at least two different chromosomes.

✓ ORF analysis

After submission of the marketing application for event FLO-40685-2, all four loci, including genomic DNA flanking the insertion sites, were re-sequenced. Re-sequencing showed that a three base pair correction was required in locus 1, while sequences of loci 2, 3 and 4 remains the same. 65 ORFs bridging the T-DNA and adjacent genomic DNA have been re-assessed for homology to toxin and allergen proteins using multiple allergen databases and cross matching of BLAST outputs against a set of toxin-related protein sequences obtained from the UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot database. These analysis indicated no biologically significant homology to toxins or allergens (Bioinformatic analysis of ORFs for homology to allergen and toxin proteins CNL1302.pdf).

✓ Inserted genes

Analysis of the sequences of the three newly expressed proteins in FLO-40685-2 using up-to-date protein sequence databases indicated no biologically significant homology to toxins or allergens. The three newly expressed proteins are ubiquitous, well characterized proteins and are not known to be allergens (Bioinformatic analysis of inserted genes pCGP1991.pdf).

(d) As appropriate, a proposal for amending or complementing the conditions of the original consent, inter alia the conditions concerning future monitoring

The following information is supplied:

- Changes to the conditions of the original consent:
 - ✓ Change of company name
The consent for placing on the market for Florigene®Moonvista™ as issued to Florigene Limited, Melbourne. This company has been purchased by Suntory Limited, Osaka, Japan. The company requests therefore that the consent for renewal will be in the name of Suntory Flowers Limited.
- Future monitoring
 - ✓ No changes are foreseen in the general monitoring scheme.

5. ADVICE OF THE NETHERLANDS COMPETENT AUTHORITY FOR DIRECTIVE 2001/18/EC

Based on the notification for renewal and the above mentioned considerations, the

Netherlands competent authority concludes that no reasons have emerged on the basis of which consent to the proposed renewal of placing on the market should be withheld.

The Netherlands Competent Authority therefore proposes to consent to the renewal of placing on the market of the product as described below, for which a notification has been submitted on February 22, 2026 registered under number C/NL/13/02_001 under explicit specification of:

- a) The consent will be granted to Suntory Flowers Ltd, Tokyo, Japan and concerns renewal of the placing on the market under part C of 2001/18/EC of the product consisting of carnation genetically modified with the *dfr*, *f3'5'h* and *SuRB* genes, with the unique identification code FLO-40685-2, for the purpose of import, distribution and retailing. The consent includes line FLO-40685-2, product name Florigene® Moonvista™. This consent excludes cultivation and excludes the use as feed or as food of line FLO-40685-2.
- b) The consent will be valid for a period of 10 years after approval.
- c) The company should ensure that the following information is transmitted in writing to the importer and final users receiving the product:
 - On a label or in a document the words "This product is a genetically modified organism" or "This product is a genetically modified carnation" and the words "not for human or animal consumption nor for cultivation" shall be stated.
- d) The consent holder is required to supply reference material of line FLO-40685-2 for detection purposes at any time to the competent authority.
- e) The consent holder should carry out monitoring according to the general surveillance plan of the notification and report on the results of the general surveillance every year, during the period the consent is valid.
- f) The consent holder shall submit to the Commission and to the competent authorities of the Member States annual reports on the results of the monitoring activities.

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